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We're All Pirates Now The author says computer technology has rendered the concept of copyright obsolete. The Internet itself "is a copying machine."

Nov. 18, 2014 7:05 pm ET

By Edward Kosner

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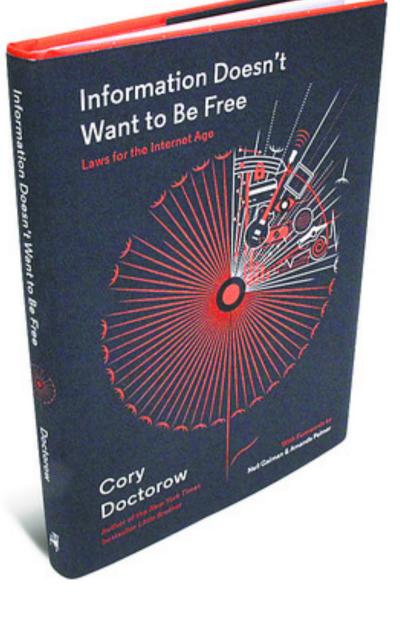
Do you feel like a thief when you click on a website link and find yourself reading an article or listening to a song you haven't paid for? Should you? Are you annoyed when you can't copy a movie you've paid for onto your computer's hard drive? Should you be? Should copyright, conceived in England three centuries ago to protect writers from unscrupulous printers, apply the same way to creators and consumers in the digital age?

The sci-fi writer, blogger and general man-about-the-Web Cory Doctorow tries to answer some of these questions—and introduces others—in "Information Doesn't Want to Be Free." Billed as a guide for perplexed creators about how to make a living in the Internet Era, the book is actually a populist manifesto for the information revolution.

Mr. Doctorow is a confident and aphoristic writer—his book is like one long TED talk—and

his basic advice to creators is easy to grasp: Aspiring novelists, journalists, musicians and other artists and would-be artists should recognize the Web as an unprecedented promotional medium rather than a revenue source. Creators, writes Mr. Doctorow, need to get known before they can expect to profit from their work. So they should welcome having their words, music or images reproduced online without permission to pave the way for a later payoff. Even if they manage to make a name, he warns, they're likely to be ripped off by the

entertainment-industrial complex—big book publishers, record companies, movie studios, Google, Apple and Microsoft. But they can monetize their creativity by, among other things, selling tickets to public shows, peddling "swag"—T-shirts, ball caps, posters and recordings—and taking commissions for new work. He cites the example of a painter named Molly



By Cory Doctorow

INFORMATION DOESN'T WANT TO BE FREE

McSweeney's, 162 pages, \$22

statistics." There's lots of technical stuff here about digital locks—he calls devices like the Kindle "roach motels" that allow content to be loaded but never offloaded elsewhere—as well as algorithms, embedded keys and such. And the

Crabapple, who, inspired by the Occupy Wall

Street movement, raised \$55,000 on the

crowdsourcing site Kickstarter, rented a

storefront and created nine huge canvases,

easiest way to become the next Jeff Koons,

in mentoring unrealized talent than in

promulgating a new regime for copyright

enshrined in American law since 1790, but

Taylor Swift or Gillian Flynn.

seven of which she sold for \$8,000 each. Not the

But Mr. Doctorow turns out to be less interested

regulation on the Internet. Copyright has been

computer technology, he argues, has rendered

the Internet because the Internet is a copying

machine." And the whole debate, he complains,

"is filled with lies, damn lies and piracy

the concept obsolete: "We can't stop copying on

able to pass a test on the meaning of ACTA, WIPO, WPPT, WCT, DMCA, DNS, SOPA and PIPA, not to mention NaTD (techspeak for "Notice and Take Down").

The gist of Mr. Doctorow's argument is that the bad guys of the content game use copyright

book is clotted with acronyms: A diligent reader who finishes this slim volume should be

protection and antipiracy protocols not to help creators but to enrich themselves at the expense of the talent and the consumers of content. Similarly, he contends that the crusade against "net neutrality"—the principle that Internet carriers must treat all data and users the same way—is actually a ploy to elevate big players in the digital world by turning the rest of us into second-class Netizens. "The future of the Internet," he writes, "should not be a fight about whether Google (or

their own devices, Big Tech and Big Content are perfectly capable of coming up with a position that keeps both 'sides' happy at the expense of everyone else." At the heart of the problem, Mr. Doctorow asserts, is a purposeful misconception about how the Internet is used. The vast majority of people use the Web for "personal, cultural,

Apple or Microsoft) gets to be in charge or whether Hollywood gets to be in charge. Left to

private activity," he says. With those digital locks and other anti-copying gizmos in place, average folk must consume content—especially entertainment content—under a system designed to thwart thievery on an industrial scale. "Industrial regulations should apply to industries, not individuals," he says. What's more, writes Mr. Doctorow, manipulating people's computers and other digital devices, generally without their knowledge, to block unauthorized use of content amounts

plug for Edward Snowden, "who taught us," Mr. Doctorow says ominously, "that the Internet could be harnessed and turned into an intrusive and terrifying surveillance mechanism." With a sly nod to Marx, the author proclaims that "the only answer to this fear is to seize the means of information and insure that technology's benefits are distributed to everyone,

to censorship—and censorship can lead to the dread "surveillance state." There's even a

He's not clear on how this is to be accomplished. Nor does he make any effort to explain the case for the current approach to copyright protection and antipiracy enforcement. There are, for instance, no examples of Hollywood's claims about the extent and cost of content piracy.

How compelling Mr. Doctorow's book will be likely depends on the reader's opinion of Big Tech and Big Content and his or her degree of paranoia. If you think of Apple, Google, Amazon and Viacom as 2014's incarnation of Big Brother, "Information Doesn't Want to Be Free" belongs locked on your Kindle.

York, Esquire and the New York Daily News.

Mr. Kosner's "It's News to Me" is a memoir of his career as the editor of Newsweek, New

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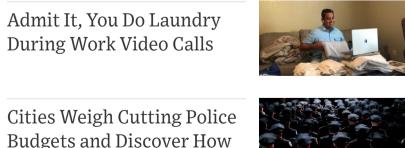
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