DOW JONES, A NEWS CORP COMPANY **V**

Nikkei **23275.27** 0.11%

SHARE

f

y

 \succ

G

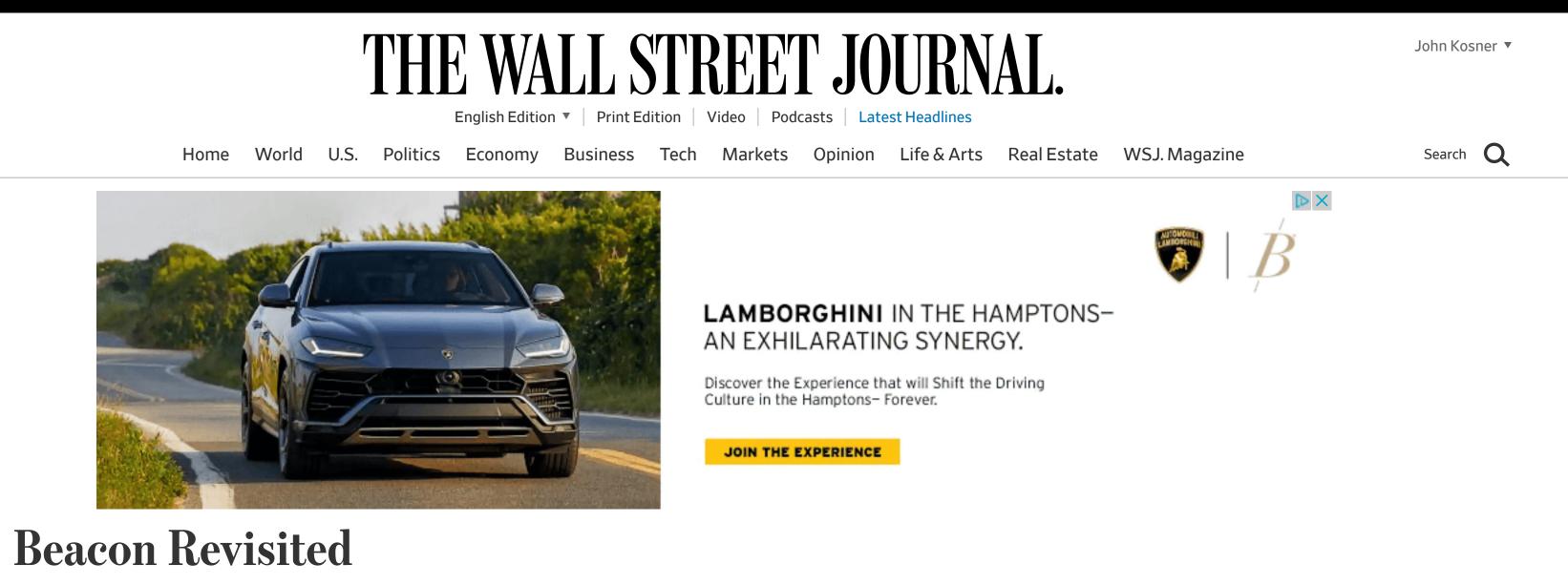
Hang Seng **25190.62** 0.16% **V**

U.S. 10 Yr 1/32 Yield 0.709%

Crude Oil **42.25** 0.02%

Yen 106.93 0.01%

DJIA 27896.72 0.29% V



The too "hearty and well-fed" Lady Liberty, said Mark Twain, didn't reflect the "insults and humiliations" long endured by freedom.

By Edward Kosner June 6, 2012 5:07 pm ET

SAVE PRINT A TEXT

The Statue of Liberty is a relic—an oxidized icon of a lost age when France and the United States felt they had a special sympathy, and America was proud to be a haven for "tired, huddled masses" of immigrants, few of them from Mexico, Haiti or Bangladesh.

It is now more than 140 years since Belle Epoque sculptor Frédéric Auguste Bartholdi scouted New York Harbor and settled on tiny Bedloe's Island as the site for his Colossus of the New World; more than 125 years since President Grover Cleveland unveiled it; and 25 years since Hollywood impresario David Wolper marshaled 200 Elvis impersonators at the monument's centennial celebration. Thus, the arc of the statue's evolution in the national imagination from august symbol of American liberty to pop-cultural shtick.

The story of the Statue of Liberty has been told many times. Now, Edward Berenson, a professor of history and French studies at New York University, chips in his slender version as part of Yale University Press's Icons of America series. He dutifully covers all the bases in textbooky prose that makes pedestrian seem jaunty.

Lafayette's grandson and de Tocqueville's brother were among the elite Frenchmen who wanted to bestow the statue on the Americans as a reaffirmation of principled liberty, especially in the shadow of the bloody Paris Commune.

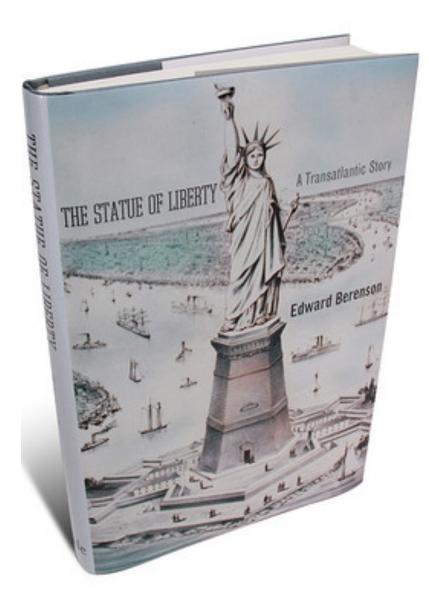
Instead of "Marianne," the erotic French spirit of radical liberty with her Phrygian cap and bared *belle poitrine*, Bartholdi, a momma's boy, designed a matronly lady in a toga holding an upthrust torch, not a revolutionary banner. Gustave Eiffel, in his pre-tower days, did the ingenious armature on which Bartholdi hung 300 wafer-thin copper plates. The approach was a forerunner of curtain-wall architecture. It took the French 13 years to raise the money and construct the statue and years more for the not-especially-grateful Americans to finance, design and erect the pedestal.

TRANSFLO°

Redefining Transportation

Become a Shipper of choice with paperless workflows for your carriers.





THE STATUE OF LIBERTY

By Edward Berenson (Yale, 229 pages, \$25) Mark Twain hated it. Lady Liberty looked too "hearty and well-fed" for his taste, reflecting "the insolence of prosperity" rather than the "insults and humiliations" freedom had endured over the ages. Protestant clergymen denounced it as pagan and idolatrous. A Catholic theologian bitterly complained that no Roman goddess should usurp Jesus as the light of the world.

Prof. Berenson's most useful insight is that the statue is a "hollow icon"—so serenely abstract that it sequentially represents whatever the spirit of the times inflicts on it. The monument's centrist French patrons always thought of it as a symbol of orderly American liberty as opposed to the rampages of The Terror and the later Commune. The French also hoped the gift would entice U.S. sympathies back from the Germans, whom the Americans sided with in the humiliating Franco-Prussian War of 1870. The French certainly never conceived of the statue as emblematic of New York, the United States or as a beacon for immigration.

The Statue of Liberty did become a besieged

symbol during the tsunami of European immigration that engulfed the East Coast in the first decades of the 20th century, but not in the cuddly way that Americans remember it now. So unpopular was the deluge of unlettered Slavs, Jews, Irish, Italians and Greeks that one American cartoonist depicted Lady Liberty holding her nose as "the dregs of Europe" scuttled over her sandaled feet. Another, captioned "European garbage ships," showed the newcomers being deposited like refuse from vessels anchored on her island. A third —"Come Unto Me, Ye Oppressed"—had a bearded anarchist fiend creeping up behind the statue clutching a bomb and a dagger.

In 1903, O. Henry gave the statue an Irish brogue and had her lament: "I was made by a Dago"—Bartholdi was actually Alsatian—"and presented to the American people on behalf of the French Government for the purpose of welcomin' Irish immigrants into the Dutch city of New York."

RECOMMENDED VIDEOS

This 30-Ton Robot **Could Help Scientists** Produce the Crops of the Future



Covid Chasers: The Nurses Fighting Coronavirus From Hot Spot to Hot Spot



Samsung Galaxy Note 20: This Pandemic Sure Changed Smartphone Marketing



NYC Sets Up Traveler-Registration Checkpoints to **Enforce Quarantine**



Э.





WSJ MEMBER MESSAGE: NEWSLETTER

What's New on the WSJ **Bookshelf**

Get a quick, curated preview of everything from book reviews to WSJ's best-seller list, delivered straight to your inbox.

SIGN UP NOW

Emma Lazarus was, of course, most responsible for the transformation of the statue from a target of nativist revulsion to the New World's elegant welcome wagon. No people's poet, Lazarus was born into a well-established Sephardic Jewish family with no connection to or much empathy for the teeming hordes of the Lower East Side ghetto. She'd been writing poetry since 16, enjoyed a long correspondence with Emerson, and won praise from Turgenev and Whitman.

She didn't think of herself as a Jewish writer, but anti-Semitic incidents in New York and the Russian pogroms of the 1880s moved her, and when asked to contribute to a Bartholdi fundraiser in 1883, she penned a short poem called "The New Colossus" that, as James Russell Lowell wrote her, gave the statue a voice and a rationale. Hardly anyone else at the time noticed, but 20 years later her sonnet ending, "I lift my lamp beside the golden door" was inscribed on a tablet at the entrance to the statue's pedestal.

Even so, as Prof. Berenson points out, it was not for another 30 years, when the tide of immigration all but stopped, that Americans began to think of the statue as a heroic symbol of America's embrace of the world's forlorn. The New Deal pushed the same line. But speaking at the statue's 50th anniversary in 1936, FDR signaled that the golden door had shut. Not many of Hitler's Jewish victims got to sail under the statue's gleaming torch.

The author does a decent job of chronicling the essentials of the Statue of Liberty saga. But he pads his thin book with recitations of every sighting of the monument in movies (including the battle-to-the-death on the torch in Hitchcock's 1942 "Saboteur") and even videogames. There's a tedious account of the travails of the national museum of immigration. And he seems to think "disinterested" means "uninterested." David McCullough has nothing to fear.

Mr. Kosner was the editor of Newsweek, New York, Esquire and the New York Daily News and is the author of a memoir, "It's News to Me."

SPONSORED OFFERS

WALMART: Walmart coupon: \$10 off all departments

EBAY: Up to 15% off branded sneakers & more with eBay coupon

KOHL'S: 20% off your entire order with Kohl's coupon

HOME DEPOT: 10% off furniture using Home Depot coupon code

EXPEDIA: Expedia promo: 50% off fullyrefundable hotel bookings

TARGET: \$15 gift card with Spectra breast pump - Target offer

JOIN THE CONVERSATION

Are Florida Schools **Reopening?** Parents Can't Tell as State and Districts Fight



Coronavirus Grips Midwest Rural Areas That Had Been Spared



Why Is It Hard to Get a Rapid Covid-19 Test? The Machines Are in Short Supply



S&P 500 Rallies but Closes Below a Record



Beirut Explosion Unleashes Public Anger at Hezbollah, Lebanon's Most Powerful Group



Stir-Crazy Travelers Are Ordering Airline Food to Relive the Flying Experience

Real Businesses Snared in Hunt for Coronavirus Loan Scammers



A Deadly Coronavirus Was Inevitable. Why Was No One Ready?

WSJ News Exclusive | China's Xi Speeds Up Inward Economic Shift

Joe Biden-Kamala Harris Ticket Makes Debut After

Historic VP Pick



BACK TO TOP

Sign Out

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL. English Edition <

WSJ Membership	Customer Service	Tools & Features	Ads	More
				NOTE
WSJ+ Membership Benefits	Customer Center	Emails & Alerts	Advertise	About the Newsroom
Subscription Options	Contact Us	Guides	Commercial Real Estate Ads	Content Partnerships
Why Subscribe?		My News	Place a Classified Ad	Corrections
Corporate Subscriptions		RSS Feeds	Sell Your Business	Jobs at WSJ
Professor Journal		Video Center	Sell Your Home	Masthead
Student Journal		Watchlist	Recruitment & Career Ads	News Archive
WSJ High School Program		Podcasts	Coupons	Register for Free
WSJ Amenity Program				Reprints
WSJ Live				Buy Issues
	f y 0	Get IT ON Google Play	pload on the PStore	

Barron's BigCharts Dow Jones Newswires Factiva Financial News Mansion Global MarketWatch Private Markets Dow Jones Products realtor.com Risk & Compliance WSJ Pro Central Banking WSJ Video WSJ Wine

> Privacy Notice Cookie Notice Copyright Policy Data Policy Subscriber Agreement & Terms of Use Your Ad Choices Copyright ©2020 Dow Jones & Company, Inc. All Rights Reserved.